

Sixth Grade Math

Activity 4 knoxschools.org/kcsathome This packet includes four sections that cover the major content of 6th grade math. Each section includes four pages of notes and practice for each topic. For additional support, visit KCS TV on YouTube for instructional videos that accompany each section.

The following content is included in this packet:

		То	pic	
	I. Area of	II. Ratio	III. Rational	IV. Equations and
	Polygons	Reasoning	Numbers	Expressions
Activity	Area of	Rates	Dividing Mixed	Order of
1	Quadrilaterals		Numbers	Operations
Activity 2	Area of Triangles	Ratios, Rates, Tables, and Graphs	Adding and Subtracting Decimals	Addition and Subtraction Equations
Activity	Solving Area	Solving Problems	Multiply Decimals	Evaluating
3	Problems	with Proportions		Expressions
Activity 4	Area of Polygons	Understanding Percent	Dividing Decimals	Generating Equivalent Expressions

Section IV Order of Operations

A mathematical phrase that includes only numbers and operations is called a *numerical expression*.

 $9 + 8 \times 3 \div 6$ is a numerical expression.

When you evaluate a numerical expression, you find its value.

You can use the order of operations to evaluate a numerical expression.

Order of operations:

- 1. Do all operations within *parentheses*.
- 2. Find the values of numbers with *exponents*.
- 3. Multiply and divide in order from left to right.
- 4. Add and subtract in order from left to right.

Evaluate the expression.

$60 \div (7 + 3) + 3^2$	
$60 \div 10 + 3^2$	Do all operations within parentheses.
$60\div10+9$	Find the values of numbers with exponents.
6 + 9	Multiply and divide in order from left to right.
15	Add and subtract in order from left to right.

Simplify each numerical expression.

_ 7
7
4 + 11 × 8
10) – 2

Solve.

10. Write and evaluate your own numerical expression. Use parentheses, exponents, and at least two operations.

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Use tiles to solve each equation.



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Section IV Evaluating Expressions Activity 3

A flowchart gives you a plan. You can use a flowchart to evaluate expressions.



Use the flowchart to evaluate each expression.

1.	Plan	Evaluate $(5 + y) - 3^2$ when $y = 14$.
	1	
	Substitute for each variable.	
	2	
	Eliminate Parentheses	
	3	
	Evaluate Exponents	
	4	
	Multiply and divide from left to right.	
	5	
	Add and subtract from left to right.	

2.	Plan	Evaluate $m^2 - 2(3p + 6)$ when $m = 10$ and $p = 4$.
	1	
	Substitute for each variable.	
	2	
	Eliminate Parentheses	
	3	
	Eliminate Parentheses	
	4	
	Multiply and divide from left to right.	
	5	
	Add and subtract from left to right.	

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Section IV Activity 4 Generating Equivalent Expressions

Look at the following expressions: x = 1xx + x = 2xx + x + x = 3x

The numbers 1, 2, and 3 are called **coefficients** of *x*.

Identify each coefficient.

1. 8*x* _____

2. 3*m*_____ 3. *y*____

4. 14*t*____

An algebraic expression has terms that are separated by + and -. In the expression 2x + 5y, the **terms** are 2x and 5y.

Expression	Terms
8x + 4y	8 <i>x</i> and 4 <i>y</i>
5 <i>m</i> – 2 <i>m</i> + 9	5 <i>m</i> , –2 <i>m</i> , and 9
$4a^2-2b+c-2a^2$	4 <i>a</i> ² , –2 <i>b</i> , <i>c</i> , and –2 <i>a</i> ²

Sometimes the terms of an expression can be combined. Only **like terms** can be combined.

2x + 2y NOT like terms, the variables are different.

 $4a^2 - 2a$ NOT like terms, the exponents are different.

5m - 2m Like terms, the variables and exponents are both the same.

 $n^3 + 2n^3$ Like terms, the variables and exponents are both the same.

To **simplify** an expression, combine like terms by adding or subtracting the coefficients of the variable.

5*m* **- 2***m* **= 3***m*

 $4a^2 + 5a + a + 3 = 4a^2 + 6a + 3$ Note that the coefficient of *a* is 1.

Simp	lify.
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5. $8x + 2x$	6. 3 <i>m – m</i>	7. 6 <i>y</i> + 6 <i>y</i>	8. 14 <i>t</i> – 3 <i>t</i>
9. $3b + b + 6$	10. 9 <i>a</i> – 3 <i>a</i> + 4	11. <i>n</i> + 5 <i>n</i> – 3c	12. 12 <i>d</i> – 2 <i>d</i> + e

Answer Key

IV. Equations and Expressions Activity 1: Order of Operations

1.20;140;134	6.97
2 46: 460: 463	7. 18
3 30: 40: 33	8.5
<i>A</i> 1 <i>A</i>	9.35
4. 14	10. Answers will vary. Sample answer
5.46	$3^2 + (4 \times 5) - 5^2 = 4$

Activity 2: Addition and Subtraction Equations

1.	8
2.	9
3.	5
4.	9
5.	6
6.	8

Activity 3: Evaluating Equations

1. $(5 + 14) - 3^2$;	2. $10^2 - 2(3 \cdot 4 + 6);$
(5 + 14) - 9;	100 - 2(12 + 6);
19 - 9;	$100 - 2 \cdot 18;$
There is no multiplication of division:	100 - 36;
There is no multiplication or division;	100 – 36;
10	64

Activity 4: Generating Equivalent Expressions

1.8	7. 12 <i>y</i>
2.3	8. 11 <i>t</i>
3. 1	9. 4 <i>b</i> + 6
4. 14	10. 6 <i>a</i> + 4
5. 10 <i>x</i>	11. 6 <i>n</i> – 3c
6.2 <i>m</i>	12. 10 <i>d</i> + e