



Chemistry

Activity 1
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Introduction to Moles

Follow Along Notes & Embedded Practice

CHEM1.PS1.3:

"Perform stoichiometric calculations involving the following relationships: mole-mole; mass-mass; mole-mass; mole-particle; and mass-particle..."

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To be successful in this topic you need to understand:

- Why we use moles to measure
- How it is related to a balanced equation
- How to predict the number of moles of a substance with a balanced equation
- Conversion units for moles
- How to set up a mole conversion problem correctly
- How to convert between moles, mass, and particles using the conversion units so that units cross out correctly

Topics to refresh on before we start:

- Scientific Notation Video: <https://youtu.be/Dme-G4rc6NI>
- Calculator Use Video: <https://youtu.be/FIDAJwvxX5Q>
- Molar Mass Video: <https://youtu.be/Qflq48Foh2w>

Periodic Table of the Elements

1	H	2		18	
Hydrogen 1.008	I _A 11A	II _A 2A		VIII _A 8A	
3	Li	4	B	5	H_e
Lithium 6.941	Boron 9.012	Carbon 12.011	Nitrogen 14.007	Oxygen 15.999	Helium 4.003
11	Na	12	Mg	13	H_e
Sodium 22.990	Magnesium 24.305	Aluminum 26.982	Silicon 28.086	Phosphorus 30.974	Neon 20.180
19	K	20	Ca	14	Ne
Potassium 39.098	Calcium 40.078	Titanium 47.88	Vanadium 50.942	Iron 55.933	Fluorine 18.998
37	Rb	38	Sr	15	F
Rubidium 84.468	Strontrium 87.62	Zirconium 91.224	Niobium 92.906	Cobalt 58.933	Neon 20.180
55	Cs	39	Y	16	Cl
Cesium 132.905	Yttrium 88.906	Zirconium 91.224	Chromium 54.938	Nickel 58.693	Argon 39.948
87	Fr	57-71	Hf	17	Ar
Francium 223.020	Rutherfordium 226.025	Hafnium 178.49	Tantalum 180.948	Ruthenium 101.07	Krypton 84.80
88	Ra	89-103	Rf	18	Kr
Radium 226.025	Rutherfordium 223.020	Dubnium [261]	Seaborgium [262]	Rhenium 196.207	Xenon 131.29
57	La	58	Ce	19	
Lanthanum 138.906	Cerium 140.115	Praseodymium 140.903	Neodymium 144.24	Europium 144.913	
89	Ac	90	Th	20	
Actinium 227.028	Thorium 232.038	Protactinium 231.036	Uranium 238.029	Neptunium 237.048	
59	Pr	60	Nd	21	
Praseodymium 140.903	Neodymium 144.24	Promethium 144.913	Samarium 150.36	Europium 151.966	
91	Pa	92	U	22	
Protactinium 231.036	Uranium 238.029	Neptunium 237.048	Plutonium 244.064	Americium 243.051	
93	Np	94	Pu	23	
95	Am	96	Cm	24	
97	Bk	98	Cf	25	
99	Es	100	Fm	26	
101	Md	102	No	27	
103	Lr				
114	Fl	115	Up	28	
116	Lv	117	At	29	
118	Uus	119	Rn	30	
119	Uuo	120	Lu	31	
71	Lu	72	Er	32	
72	Tm	73	Yb	33	
73	Yb	74	Lu	34	
74	Lu	75	Er	35	
75	Er	76	Tm	36	
76	Tm	77	Yb	37	
77	Yb	78	Lu	38	
78	Lu	79	Er	39	
79	Er	80	Tm	40	
80	Tm	81	Yb	41	
81	Yb	82	Lu	42	
82	Lu	83	Er	43	
83	Er	84	Tm	44	
84	Tm	85	Yb	45	
85	Yb	86	Lu	46	
86	Lu	87	Er	47	
87	Er	88	Tm	48	
88	Tm	89	Yb	49	
89	Yb	90	Lu	50	
90	Lu	91	Er	51	
91	Er	92	Tm	52	
92	Tm	93	Yb	53	
93	Yb	94	Lu	54	
94	Lu	95	Er	55	
95	Er	96	Tm	56	
96	Tm	97	Yb	57	
97	Yb	98	Lu	58	
98	Lu	99	Er	59	
99	Er	100	Tm	60	
100	Tm	101	Yb	61	
101	Yb	102	Lu	62	
102	Lu	103	Er	63	
103	Er	104	Tm	64	
104	Tm	105	Yb	65	
105	Yb	106	Lu	66	
106	Lu	107	Er	67	
107	Er	108	Tm	68	
108	Tm	109	Yb	69	
109	Yb	110	Lu	70	
110	Lu	111	Er	71	
111	Er	112	Tm	72	
112	Tm	113	Yb	73	
113	Yb	114	Lu	74	
114	Lu	115	Er	75	
115	Er	116	Tm	76	
116	Tm	117	Yb	77	
117	Yb	118	Lu	78	
118	Lu	119	Er	79	
119	Er	120	Tm	80	
120	Tm	121	Yb	81	
121	Yb	122	Lu	82	
122	Lu	123	Er	83	
123	Er	124	Tm	84	
124	Tm	125	Yb	85	
125	Yb	126	Lu	86	
126	Lu	127	Er	87	
127	Er	128	Tm	88	
128	Tm	129	Yb	89	
129	Yb	130	Lu	90	
130	Lu	131	Er	91	
131	Er	132	Tm	92	
132	Tm	133	Yb	93	
133	Yb	134	Lu	94	
134	Lu	135	Er	95	
135	Er	136	Tm	96	
136	Tm	137	Yb	97	
137	Yb	138	Lu	98	
138	Lu	139	Er	99	
139	Er	140	Tm	100	
140	Tm	141	Yb	101	
141	Yb	142	Lu	102	
142	Lu	143	Er	103	
143	Er	144	Tm	104	
144	Tm	145	Yb	105	
145	Yb	146	Lu	106	
146	Lu	147	Er	107	
147	Er	148	Tm	108	
148	Tm	149	Yb	109	
149	Yb	150	Lu	110	
150	Lu	151	Er	111	
151	Er	152	Tm	112	
152	Tm	153	Yb	113	
153	Yb	154	Lu	114	
154	Lu	155	Er	115	
155	Er	156	Tm	116	
156	Tm	157	Yb	117	
157	Yb	158	Lu	118	
158	Lu	159	Er	119	
159	Er	160	Tm	120	
160	Tm	161	Yb	121	
161	Yb	162	Lu	122	
162	Lu </td				

Part 1: What is a mole?

1. Create

- a. Create your own grouping for the number of seeds you would like to count and name it.
-

- b. Write how many seeds are equal to that quantity.
-

- c. Hypothesize at least one reason scientists might want to group things when quantifying them.
-

2. Design & Predict

Let's use a made up quantifier of seeds. **1 Fox of seeds = 25 seeds.**

- a. If one Fox of seeds measures 50g on a scale, how many grains of rice would you have in 3 Foxes of seeds?
-

- b. If you have 1.25 Foxes of seeds, how much should it measure on the scale in grams? Remember that **1 Fox = 25 seeds = 50g**
-

3. Check Your Understanding

If **12 eggs = 1 dozen**, how many **dozens** would you have if you had 291 eggs? _____

Part 2: Conversion Units

Conversion Units of H_2O

- A. 1 mole H_2O = _____ g H_2O
- B. 1 mole H_2O = _____ L H_2O
- C. 1 mole H_2O = _____ particles H_2O

Put moles as a denominator for each conversion factor above:

A._____ B._____ C._____

Put moles as a numerator for each conversion factor above:

A._____ B._____ C._____

Conversion Units of CO_2

- A. 1 mole H₂O = _____ g H₂O
- B. 1 mole H₂O = _____ L H₂O
- C. 1 mole H₂O = _____ particles H₂O

Put moles as a denominator for each conversion factor above:

A._____ B._____ C._____

Put moles as a numerator for each conversion factor above:

A._____ B._____ C._____

Extra Practice Resources:

Quizlet
Online flashcards
<https://bit.ly/QuizletMolePractice>

 Pearson
virtual lab simulation
<https://bit.ly/pearsonvirtualsimulation>

Part 3: Setting up a mole conversion problem $g \leftarrow \rightarrow \text{mole}$

1. How many total grams of carbon would you have in 2.50 moles of carbon?

- Get carbon's mass from the periodic table
- Carbon's molar mass is **12.01g per one mole**

$$2.50 \text{ moles C} \times \frac{12.01 \text{ g C}}{1 \text{ mole C}} = \text{grams of carbon}$$

2. How many moles of NaCl would you have in 4.67 grams of NaCl?

- Remember that the molar mass of NaCl is 58.44g per one mole
- (Na 22.99g + Cl 35.45g = **NaCl 58.44g**)

$$4.67 \text{ grams NaCl} \times \underline{\hspace{2cm}} =$$

3. How many grams of Al₂(CO₃)₃ are there in 1.23 moles of Al₂(CO₃)₃?

- Molar mass of Al₂(CO₃)₃ is **233.99 g per one mole**
- 2 aluminum (2 x 26.98g) + 3 carbon (3 x 12.01g) + 9 oxygen (9 x 16.00g) = 233.99g Al₂(CO₃)₃

4. How many moles of Al₂(CO₃)₃ are there in 7.22 grams of Al₂(CO₃)₃?

- Molar mass of Al₂(CO₃)₃ is **233.99 g per one mole**
- 2 aluminum (2 x 26.98g) + 3 carbon (3 x 12.01g) + 9 oxygen (9 x 16.00g) = 233.99g Al₂(CO₃)₃

Part 4: Setting up a mole conversion problem $L \rightarrow mole$

(Remember that **1 mole = 22.4L at STP**)

5. How many total moles of carbon would you have in **2.5L of carbon?**

$$2.5\text{L C} \times \frac{1 \text{ mole C}}{22.4\text{L C}} = 0.11 \text{ moles of carbon}$$

6. What volume of oxygen gas would you have in **2.5 moles of oxygen gas?**

$$2.5 \text{ moles O}_2 \times \frac{22.4 \text{ L O}_2}{1 \text{ mole O}_2} = 56 \text{ L of O}_2$$

7. What volume of NaCl would you have in **3.25 moles of NaCl?**

$$3.25 \text{ moles NaCl} \times \underline{\hspace{2cm}} =$$

8. How many moles of $\text{Al}_2(\text{CO}_3)_3$ are there in **0.87L of $\text{Al}_2(\text{CO}_3)_3$?**

9. What volume of $\text{Al}_2(\text{CO}_3)_3$ are there in **1.3 moles of $\text{Al}_2(\text{CO}_3)_3$?**

Part 5: Setting up a mole conversion problem $\text{mole} \leftarrow \rightarrow \text{particles}$

(Remember that **1 mole = 6.02×10^{23} particles**)

10. How many total moles of carbon would you have in 2.3×10^{12} particles of carbon?

$$2.3 \times 10^{12} \text{ particles C} \times \frac{1 \text{ mole C}}{6.02 \times 10^{23} \text{ particles C}} = 4.44 \times 10^{-2} \text{ moles of carbon}$$

11. How many particles of NaCl would you have in 12.7 moles of NaCl?

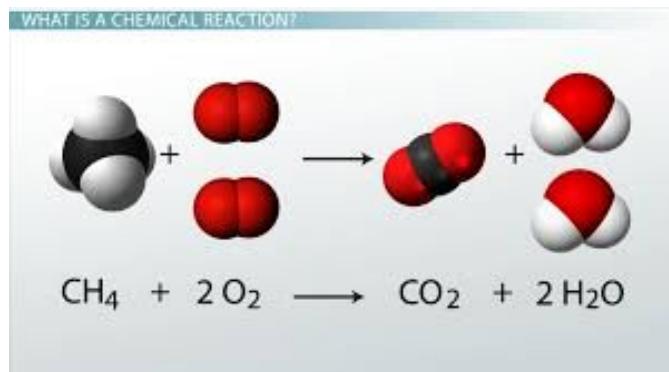
$$12.7 \text{ moles of NaCl} \times \underline{\hspace{2cm}} =$$

12. How many moles of $\text{Al}_2(\text{CO}_3)_3$ are there in 3.72×10^{22} particles of $\text{Al}_2(\text{CO}_3)_3$?

13. How many particles of $\text{Al}_2(\text{CO}_3)_3$ are there in 0.724 moles of $\text{Al}_2(\text{CO}_3)_3$?

Part 6: Mole to mole conversion with a balanced equation

To refresh on balancing equations, use the PHET simulation:
<https://bit.ly/PHETbalancingEq>



14. For every 1 mole of CH₄ in this equation you would have:

- _____ moles of O₂
- _____ moles of CO₂
- _____ moles of H₂O

15. For every 2 moles of CH₄ in this equation you would have:

- _____ moles of O₂
- _____ moles of CO₂
- _____ moles of H₂O

16. How many moles of O₂ would you need to make:

- 0.73 moles of CO₂
- 12.3 moles of H₂O
- 4.2 moles of CH₄

Part 7: Extra Practice

Grams \leftrightarrow Moles Conversions

28. 1 mole Li ₂ O = _____ g Li ₂ O	33. 1 g Li ₂ O = _____ mole(s) Li ₂ O
29. 2 moles Li ₂ O = _____ g Li ₂ O	34. 2 g Li ₂ O = _____ mole(s) Li ₂ O
30. 1 mole O ₂ = _____ g O ₂	35. 1 g O ₂ = _____ mole(s) O ₂
31. 1 mole C ₆ H ₁₂ O ₆ = _____ g C ₆ H ₁₂ O ₆	36. 1 g C ₆ H ₁₂ O ₆ = _____ mole(s) C ₆ H ₁₂ O ₆
32. 0.89 moles Cu(NO ₃) ₂ = _____ g Cu(NO ₃) ₂	37. 1 g Cu(NO ₃) ₂ = _____ mole(s) Cu(NO ₃) ₂

Show your work here:

Liters (at STP) \leftrightarrow Mole Conversions

38. 1 mole Li ₂ O = _____ L Li ₂ O	43. 22.4 L Li ₂ O = _____ mole(s) Li ₂ O
39. 2 moles Li ₂ O = _____ L Li ₂ O	44. 2 L Li ₂ O = _____ mole(s) Li ₂ O
40. 1 mole O ₂ = _____ L O ₂	45. 1 L O ₂ = _____ mole(s) O ₂
41. 1 mole C ₆ H ₁₂ O ₆ = _____ L C ₆ H ₁₂ O ₆	46. 44.8. L C ₆ H ₁₂ O ₆ = _____ mole(s) C ₆ H ₁₂ O ₆
42. 1 mole Cu(NO ₃) ₂ = _____ L Cu(NO ₃) ₂	47. 1 L Cu(NO ₃) ₂ = _____ mole(s) Cu(NO ₃) ₂

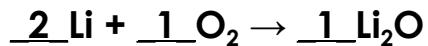
Show your work here:

Particles ← → Mole Conversions

48. 1 mole Li ₂ O = _____ particles Li ₂ O	53. Particles Li ₂ O = _____ mole(s) Li ₂ O
49. 2 moles Li ₂ O = _____ particles Li ₂ O	54. Particles Li ₂ O = _____ mole(s) Li ₂ O
50. 1 mole O ₂ = _____ particles O ₂	55. particles O ₂ = _____ mole(s) O ₂
51. 1 mole C ₆ H ₁₂ O ₆ = _____ particles C ₆ H ₁₂ O ₆	56. particles C ₆ H ₁₂ O ₆ = _____ mole(s) C ₆ H ₁₂ O ₆
52. 1 mole Cu(NO ₃) ₂ = _____ particles Cu(NO ₃) ₂	57. particles Cu(NO ₃) ₂ = _____ mole(s) Cu(NO ₃) ₂

Show your work here:

Mole ← → Mole Conversions using balanced equations



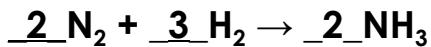
58. 1 mole Li₂O = _____ mole(s) O₂

60. 0.78 mole O₂ = _____ mole(s) Li₂O

59. 2 mole Li₂O = _____ mole(s) O₂

61. 6.23 mole Li₂O = _____ mole(s) Li₂O

Show your work here:



62. 1 mole N₂ = _____ mole(s) H₂

64. 3 mole O₂ = _____ mole(s) NH₃

63. 2.3 moles NH₃ = _____ mole(s) H₂

65. 44.8 mole N₂ = _____ mole(s) H₂

Show your work here:

Extra Practice with your Pearson Online Textbook:

- **Online Practice Problems:** <https://bit.ly/PearsonPracticeProblemsMole>
- **Extra Practice Tutorial:** <https://bit.ly/PearsonMoleTutorial>